## **New Lodge Duncairn Community Health Partnership – Logic Model**

		Inputs <b>E</b>	Outp	• Outputs		Outcomes - Impact		
	Vision		Activities	Participation	Short Term	Medium Term	Long Term	
Situation	To improve the health and	What we invest	What we do	Who we reach	What the short term results are	What the medium term results are	What the ultimate impact (s) is	
High prevalence of mental ill- health in North Belfast  High number of residents on medication to treat depression, stress, and anxiety  Increased suicide rate  Health inequalities	wellbeing of all residents in North Belfast	Staff Volunteers Time Money Research base Materials Equipment Technology Partners Expertise	Deliver a range of health and wellbeing programmes, each tailored to specific target groups  Address emotional wellbeing through the CHP Stress Clinic  Health promotion, health checks and signposting  Building capacity of staff, sessional workers, and health champions  Building the capacity of programme participants  Cross-sectoral partnership working	Population of North Belfast (including hard-to-reach groups) – pre-school, Primary School children, young people, and adults  Those at risk of mild to moderate mental ill health  Agencies: Statutory, Community, Voluntary and Schools	Increased capacity to deliver mental health awareness programmes  Increased awareness of emotional wellbeing strategies  Increased access to statutory and community health services  Improved stress management strategies (reduced stress / increased sleep)  Increased community capacity to deliver health information  Build cross-sectoral and interagency partnership working  Support development of integrated pathways for mental health	Sustained self- management and increased personal responsibility  Strengthened stakeholder engagement and inter-agency / cross-sectoral working  Pupils better prepared for Transition from Primary to Post Primary School  Use of care pathways to support emotional wellbeing	Effective management of the Transition process (Primary to Post Primary and impact on time in Post-Primary)  Decreased gap in health inequalities due to poor mental health Increased overall life expectancy  Cross-sectoral innovative, accessible and responsive services  Reduction in the number of prescriptions issued for anti-depressant in North Belfast  Reduction in the number of residents referred by the GP for residential care due to mental ill-health	
Assumptions External factors								

**Evaluation** 

Focus – collect data – analyse and interpret – report – review